Class-4 BANGLADESH AND GLOBAL STUDIES

(Chapter 8- Social and National Assets)
Topic-2 "National Assets"
Lecture - 2
Day-2

Date-7/6/2020 *** 1st read the main book properly.

National Assets: The national assets are those which are built by government for our use. The state pays for these resources from the taxes that we pay to the government. For example,

- 1.Roads.
- 2.Railway
- 3.Bridges.
- 4.Airport
- 5. Waterway

Tax: An amount of money paid to the government that is based on your income or the cost of goods for public purposes.

Discuss about some national assets:

1.Roads: The government builds and repairs roads. We have large paved roads between towns and smaller earthen roads between villages.

The using of the roads:

- 1. The roads help us travel between places.
- 2.Private companies provide buses, trucks, lorries to use the roads.
- 3.To transport goods from one destination to others via roads.
- **2.Railways:** A railway is a route between two places along which trains travel on steel rails. A railway is an organization that operates railways routes. We have many miles long roads and railways.

The names of some railway station:

- 1.Kamlapur railway station.
- 2.Tongi railway station
- 3. Rajshai railyay station
- 4. Sylhet railway station
- 5.Bimanbondar railway station.

The benefits of Railway:

- 1. Many people travel by the trains.
- 2. To transport goods.
- 3. High speed over the long distance.
- 4. Cheaper transport.
- **3.Bridges:** A structure that is built over a river, road, or railway to allow people and vehicles to cross from one side to the other side. In Bangladesh, there are small bamboo bridges in the villages, and some are bigger bridges for roads and railways to cross over the rivers. For example,
- 1.Bangabandhu bridge
- 2. China friendship bridge
- 3.Lalon Shah bridge

The benefits of the bridges:

- 1.To cross over the rivers
- 2.To cross over the canals.
- **4.Waterways:** A river, canal, or other body of water serving as a route or way of travel or transport.

The benefits of waterways:

- 1.It is mode of transport in areas where bridges have not yet been constructed.
- 2.It is cheaper than roadways.
- 3. It helps us to connect one remote place to another where other modes of

transport are not accessible.

To preserve national assets:

- 1.To repair our national assets
- 2.To maintain our national assets.

Exercise:

A.Answer in short of the following questions:

- 1. What is called national asset?
- 2. Write down some examples of national assets.
- 3. Why do we use the road?
- 4. What is called tax?
- 5. Write down two useing of the roads.
- 6. Which is the biggest road near you?
- 7. Which railways do you have near you?
- 8. Define the railway.
- 9. Why do you use railway?
- 10. Write down two uses of waterways in society.
- 11. What is called bridges?
- 12. Which bridges do you have near you?
- 13. Write down some names of the bridges.
- 14. Which jobs are there on the buses and the railways?
- 15.Do you see people building or repairing the transport?
- 16. What do you understand by waterways?
- 17. Why do the roads and the bridges need repairing?

Exercise:

B.Answer the following broad questions:

- 1. What is called national assets? Write down about any three types of national assets with its benefits.
- 2. Write down five sentences about a journey, using any one kind of transport from here(bus or train or launch).

Exercise:

C. What works are needed to run and repair these national assets with examples?

	Kinds of work
Road	
Railway	
Waterway	
Airlines	

Exercise:

C. Fill in the blanks with appropriate words :	U	J nseen]	(These	are give	en
only for practice)					

a. The national assets are created and maintained by the				
b.There are small bridges in the villages.				
c.The roads help us to between places.				
d.The government and repairs roads.				

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Class-4 BANGLADESH AND GLOBAL STUDIES (Chapter 8- Social and National Assets) Topic-2 "National Assets" Answer Sheet-2 Date-7/6/2020

Exercise:

A.Answer in short of the following questions:

- 1.Ans:The national assets are those which are built by government for our use.The state pays for these resources from the taxes that we pay to the government.
- 2. Ans:Some examples of national assets are roads, railway, bridges, airport, waterways.
- 3. Ans:We use roads to travel between places.
- 4. Ans:An amount of money paid to the government that is based on your income

or the cost of goods for public purposes.

- 5. Ans: The using of the roads are
 - a. The roads help us travel between places.
 - b.To transport goods from one destination to others via roads.
- 6. Ans:The biggest road near to me is Rokeya sarani.
- 7.Ans :Bimanbandar railway is near to me.
- 8. Ans: A railway is a route between two places along which trains travel on steel rails. A railway is an organization that operates railways routes.
- 9. Ans:We use railway to travel from one place to another place and also to transport goods.
- 10. Ans: The two uses of waterways-
- a. People can travel from one place to another place.
- b.To transport goods.
- 11. Ans:A structure that is built over a river, road, or railway to allow people and vehicles to cross from one side to the other side.
- 12. Ans:Gabtoli bridge is near to me.
- 13. Ans:Some names of the bridges are Bangabandhu bridge, China friendship bridge, Lalon Shah bridge.
- 14. Ans: The jobs on the buses and the railways are to carry people and goods from one places to another places.
- 15. Ans: Yes i see people building or repairing the transport.
- 16. Ans:A river, canal, or other body of water serving as a route or way of travel or transport.
- 17. Ans: We need repairing roads and bridges because it is our national assets and we use these. So this is our duty to maintain and repair roads and bridges.

Exercise:

B.Answer the following broad questions:

- 1.Ans:**1.Roads:**The government builds and repairs roads.We have large paved roads between towns and smaller earthen roads between villages.The benefits of the roads are
 - a. The roads help us travel between places.
 - b.To transport goods from one destination to others via roads.
 - **2.Railways:** A railway is a route between two places along which trains travel on steel rails. A railway is an organization that operates railways routes. The benefits of Railways are:

- a. Many people travel by the trains.
- b. To transport goods.
- c. High speed over the long distance.
- **3.Bridges:** A structure that is built over a river, road, or railway to allow people and vehicles to cross from one side to the other side. The benefits of the bridges are
- a.To cross over the rivers
- b.To cross over the canals.
- 2. Write down five sentences about a journey, using any one kind of transport from here(bus or train or launch).

Ans:Students will write down in theirselves.

Exercise:

- C. What works are needed to run and repair these national assets with examples?
- **Teacher did one for the students. Students will do rest of the works.

	Kinds of work
Road	Repairing the road.
Railway	
Waterway	
Airlines	Selling tickets.

Exercise:

C.Fill in the blanks with appropriate words:

a.Government

b.Bamboo

c.Travel

<u>d.Builds</u>

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